

have gone to the slaughter rather than auction sales." It would doubt that there will be a decrease in the number of milk asserted Andresen. "My opinions are that the people, not get the manpower to the herds, are selling off for slaughter and selling stock for veal."

Dairymen Have Problems
Dairymen agreed that dairymen contend with "some serious problems," citing loss of hired labor, increased wages and costs, and rising production examples.

It is noted, however, that the Agricultural Marketing Administration paid out \$260,000,000 for dairy under the Lend-Lease

program. Farm income from the dairy products in 1941 was \$10,000, or about 25 percent more than in 1940 and \$58,000 above the previous peak in 1938.

Wheat for Livestock
A report said that despite a meager wheat yield last year, the crop "continued to stand as a surplus-problem crop because war pressed its demand for greater production of all other major crops."

The wheat carryover from 1941 to 1942 was 282,000,000 bushels, compared with 1,142 and that the 1942 carryover was about 984,000,000 bushels, United States "approximately two years' supply of wheat on hand."

"We have millions of bushels of wheat now needed as food," said, "but the need is urgent for meat and milk and eggs cannot be produced from wheat feed. If we are to maintain a high level of production of livestock products needed for the war, it appears that we shall have to use more and more wheat for feed of livestock feed."

ADAM

in 1938.

He joined Company C in September, 1940, the month before the unit left for further training in the South. His last furlough in Marshfield was during the Christmas holidays in 1941, and he had last been heard from in mid-October, 1942.

Besides his parents, Corp. Lange is survived by three sisters, Miss Dorothy Lange of Marshfield, Miss Margaret Lange, Baraboo, and Sister M. Cornelia, St. Michael's Convent, Chicago; and a brother, Pvt. Robert W. Lange, who is with the U. S. Marines somewhere overseas.

A memorial Requiem High Mass was read at 9 o'clock this morning at St. John's Catholic Church, the Rev. Augustine Frisch officiating.

Pfc. Terry C. Markee

Pfc. Terry C. Markee, 24, who had been employed by the Weinbrenner Shoe Company before leaving with Company C, was the son of Mr. and Mrs. James O. Markee, 616 S. Cherry street.

He was born in Marshfield June 21, 1918, and was graduated from Marshfield High School with the class of '37. The last letter received from him came on Saturday morning, just a day before his parents were notified of his death. The letter was written Dec. 26, three days before he died.

Surviving are his parents and two sisters, Jean Markee, a junior at Marshfield High School, and Miss Patty Markee, a senior at Central State Teachers College, Stevens Point.

The Rev. Arthur R. Oates will have charge of a memorial service Sunday afternoon, Jan. 31, at 2:30 o'clock at First Presbyterian Church for Pvt. Markee and for Sgt. Donald E. Reese.

Pfc. Victor L. Michels

Pfc. Victor L. Michels, 29, son of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Michels, route 3, was born in the Town of Richfield May 8, 1913, and had attended parochial and public

RUSSIA

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)
been abandoned. It may also be the first step there of a large scale withdrawal comparable that from the Caucasus).

The important advance in Russian drive to destroy all German forces south of Rostov was reported a few hours after a special Russian communique announced the capture of St. Bel'sk, 125 miles southeast of Kharkov, the important industrial center of the Ukraine. Other forces farther north, already are within 78 miles of Kharkov.

Advance From Armavir

(The mid-day Soviet communique as recorded by the Soviet radio monitor in London said that in this area where the Russians have pressed closest to and Kharkov another enemy group had been liquidated and 1,100 officers and men taken prisoner.)

(The Germans were reported resisting stubbornly, sometimes hand-to-hand fighting.)

(The Red Army of the Caucasus struck out during the night from the recaptured town of Ichanokopskye on the Stalingrad-Tikhoretsk railway and occupied several dozen more places, said the mid-day communique.)

The entire eastern and central regions of the Caucasus have been cleared of the Germans; the remaining Nazi troops there are concentrated in the Northwest, Russian advices said.

The Russian forces moved northwestward from Armavir, the Rostov-Baku railway line, meanwhile drove northward. The midnight communique reported the capture of several places approximately 20 miles north of the city.

STRATFORD PASTOR HURT HERE SUNDAY

Two Traffic Mishaps Occurred